### 7.4 Reciprocal Functions

Name: $\qquad$
Example 1: Graph $y=\frac{1}{x}$ using a table of values: leave answers as decimal values


| $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -10 |  |
| -5 |  |
| -2 |  |
| -1 |  |
| -0.5 |  |
| -0.25 |  |
| -0.1 |  |
| 0 |  |
| 0.1 |  |
| 0.25 |  |
| 0.5 |  |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 5 |  |
| 10 |  |

## Characteristics:

## Asymptote:

## Vertical Asymptote:

## Horizontal Asymptote:

End Behaviour:

Invariant Points:

Example 2: Consider $f(x)=2 x-4$
a.) Graph the original function.
b.) Determine the equation of the reciprocal function.
c.) Graph the reciprocal function using information from the original function: Remember that we need to take the reciprocal of the $y$ values for each point. Use the invariant points (when $y=1$ ) as starting values.

d.) Where are the asymptotes?
e.) Where are the invariant points?

Try: Sketch $y=3 x-9$ and its reciprocal function


Example 3: Sketch $y=x^{2}-4$ and its reciprocal function. State the non-permissible values and the equations of the asymptote(s) of the reciprocal function.


Example 4: Given the following graph, sketch the reciprocal function:


Class work:
p 403: 1-10

